

The completed application shall include the following information:⁴

- (1) Name, address, and telephone number of the importer;
- (2) Approximate quantity and kinds of articles intended to be imported;
- (3) Country or locality of origin;
- (4) Country(ies) or locality(ies) where it is intended to be off-loaded prior to arrival in the United States;
- (5) Intended U.S. port of entry;
- (6) Means of transportation; and
- (7) Expected date of arrival.

(c) After receipt and review of the application by Plant Protection and Quarantine, a written permit indicating the applicable conditions in this subpart for importation under this subpart shall be issued for the importation of articles specified in the application if such articles described in the application appear to be eligible to be imported. Even though a written permit has been issued for the importation of an article, such article may be moved into the United States from the port of entry only if all applicable requirements of this subpart are met and only if an inspector at the port of entry determines that no emergency measures pursuant to section 105 of the Federal Plant Pest Act (7 U.S.C. 150dd) are necessary with respect to such article.⁵

⁴Application forms are available without charge from the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Plant Protection and Quarantine, Port Operations, Permit Unit, 4700 River Road Unit 136, Riverdale, Maryland 20737-1236, or local offices which are listed in telephone directories.

⁵Section 105 of the Federal Plant Pest Act (7 U.S.C. 150dd) provides, among other things, that the Secretary of Agriculture may, whenever he deems it necessary as an emergency measure in order to prevent the dissemination of any plant pest new to or not theretofore known to be widely prevalent or distributed within and throughout the United States, seize, quarantine, treat, apply other remedial measures to, destroy, dispose of, in such manner as he deems appropriate, subject to provisions in section 105 (b) and (c) of the Act (7 U.S.C. 150dd (b) and (c)), any product or article, including any article subject to this subpart, which is moving into or through the United States, and which he has reason to believe was infested or infected by or contains any plant pest at the time of such movement. Sections 105 and 107 of the Federal Plant Pest Act (7 U.S.C. 150dd, 150ff) also authorize emergency measures

(d) Any permit which has been issued may be withdrawn by an inspector or the Deputy Administrator if he/she determines that the holder thereof has not complied with any condition for the use of the document. The reasons for the withdrawal shall be confirmed in writing as promptly as circumstances permit. Any person whose permit has been withdrawn may appeal the decision in writing to the Deputy Administrator within ten (10) days after receiving the written notification of the withdrawal. The appeal shall state all of the facts and reasons upon which the person relies to show that the permit was wrongfully withdrawn. The Deputy Administrator shall grant or deny the appeal, in writing, stating the reasons for the decision as promptly as circumstances permit. If there is a conflict as to any material fact, a hearing shall be held to resolve such conflict.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0049)

(44 U.S.C. 35)

[46 FR 38334, July 27, 1981, as amended at 47 FR 3085, Jan. 22, 1982; 48 FR 57466, Dec. 30, 1983; 49 FR 1876, Jan. 16, 1984; 50 FR 8706, Mar. 5, 1985; 59 FR 67610, Dec. 30, 1994]

§ 319.75-4 Treatments.⁶

A restricted article prior to movement into the United States from the port of entry shall be treated under the supervision of an inspector for possible infestation with khapra beetle as set forth below:

(a) Brassware; wooden screens; goat-skins; lambskins; sheepskins; plant gums; seeds of the plant family cucurbitaceae; jute or burlap bagging that contains cargo, and the cargo in such bagging (except for articles specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section); and jute or burlap bagging that is used as a packing material, and the cargo for which the jute or burlap bagging is used as a packing material (except for articles specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section).

against restricted articles which are not in compliance with the provisions of this subpart.

⁶There is a possibility that some articles, especially live plants, could be damaged by fumigation.

(1) Fumigation with methyl bromide under a tarpaulin at normal atmospheric pressure in accordance with one of the following schedules:

(i) 40 g/m^3 ($2\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb/1000 ft}^3$) for 12 hrs. at 32° C (90° F) or above.

(20 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 2-4 hrs.).

(15 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 12 hrs.).

(ii) 56 g/m^3 ($3\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb/1000 ft}^3$) for 12 hrs. at $26.5^\circ\text{--}31.5^\circ \text{ C}$ ($80^\circ\text{--}89^\circ \text{ F}$).

(30 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 2-4 hrs.).

(20 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 12 hrs.).

(iii) 72 g/m^3 ($4\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb/1000 ft}^3$) for 12 hrs. at $21^\circ\text{--}26^\circ \text{ C}$ ($70^\circ\text{--}79^\circ \text{ F}$).

(40 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 2-4 hrs.).

(25 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 12 hrs.).

(iv) 96 g/m^3 (6 lb/1000 ft^3) for 12 hrs. at $15.5^\circ\text{--}20.5^\circ \text{ C}$ ($60^\circ\text{--}69^\circ \text{ F}$).

(50 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 2-4 hrs.).

(30 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 12 hrs.).

(v) 120 g/m^3 ($7\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb/1000 ft}^3$) for 12 hrs. at $10^\circ\text{--}15^\circ \text{ C}$ ($50^\circ\text{--}59^\circ \text{ F}$).

(60 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 2-4 hrs.).

(35 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 12 hrs.).

(vi) 144 g/m^3 (9 lb/1000 ft^3) for 12 hrs. at $4.5^\circ\text{--}9.5^\circ \text{ C}$ ($40^\circ\text{--}49^\circ \text{ F}$).

(70 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 2-4 hrs.).

(40 g (oz) minimum gas concentration at 12 hrs.).

(2) Fumigation with methyl bromide in a chamber at normal atmospheric pressure at one of the following schedules:

(i) 40 g/m^3 ($2\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb/1000 ft}^3$) for 12 hrs. at 32° C (90° F) or above.

(ii) 56 g/m^3 ($3\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb/1000 ft}^3$) for 12 hrs. at $26.5^\circ\text{--}31.5^\circ \text{ C}$ ($80^\circ\text{--}89^\circ \text{ F}$).

(iii) 72 g/m^3 ($4\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb/1000 ft}^3$) for 12 hrs. at $21^\circ\text{--}26^\circ \text{ C}$ ($70^\circ\text{--}79^\circ \text{ F}$).

(iv) 96 g/m^3 (6 lb/1000 ft^3) for 12 hrs. at $15.5^\circ\text{--}20.5^\circ \text{ C}$ ($60^\circ\text{--}69^\circ \text{ F}$).

(v) 160 g/m^3 (10 lb/1000 ft^3) for 12 hrs. at $10^\circ\text{--}15^\circ \text{ C}$ ($50^\circ\text{--}59^\circ \text{ F}$).

(vi) 192 g/m^3 (12 lb/1000 ft^3) for 12 hrs. at $4.5^\circ\text{--}9.5^\circ \text{ C}$ ($40^\circ\text{--}49^\circ \text{ F}$).

(3) Fumigation with methyl bromide in a chamber at 660mm (26 inch) vacuum at one of the following schedules:

(i) 128 g/m^3 ($2\frac{1}{2} \text{ lb/1000 ft}^3$) for 3 hrs. at 15.5° C (60° F) or above.

(ii) 144 g/m^3 (9 lb/1000 ft^3) for 3 hrs. at $4.5^\circ\text{--}15^\circ \text{ C}$ ($40^\circ\text{--}59^\circ \text{ F}$).

(iii) 160 g/m^3 (10 lb/1000 ft^3) for 3 hrs. at $-1^\circ\text{--}4^\circ \text{ C}$ ($30^\circ\text{--}39^\circ \text{ F}$).

NOTE: Maximum volume of commodity being treated under subsection (3) shall not exceed 75% of total volume of chamber.

(b) Burlap bagging and jute bagging not containing cargo; and flour or finely ground oily meals, and the jute or burlap bagging used as a container or packing material for such flour or meals.

(1) Fumigation with methyl bromide under a tarpaulin at normal atmospheric pressure at one of the following schedules:

(i) 64 g/m^3 (4 lb/1000 ft^3) for 24 hrs. at 32° C (90° F) or above.

(10 g (oz) gas concentration in commodity at 4-24 hrs.).

(35 g (oz) gas concentration in space at 4-12 hrs.).

(25 g (oz) gas concentration in space at 12-24 hrs.).

(ii) 96 g/m^3 (6 lb/1000 ft^3) for 24 hrs. at $26.5^\circ\text{--}31.5^\circ \text{ C}$ ($80^\circ\text{--}89^\circ \text{ F}$).

(15 g (oz) gas concentration in commodity at 4-24 hrs.).

(50 g (oz) gas concentration in space at 4-12 hrs.).

(30 g (oz) gas concentration in space at 12-24 hrs.).

(iii) 128 g/m^3 (8 lbs/1000 ft^3) for 24 hrs. at $21^\circ\text{--}26^\circ \text{ C}$ ($70^\circ\text{--}79^\circ \text{ F}$).

(20 g (oz) gas concentration in commodity at 4-24 hrs.).

(65 g (oz) gas concentration in space at 4-12 hrs.).

(35 g (oz) gas concentration in space at 12-24 hrs.).

(iv) 192 g/m^3 (12 lb/1000 ft^3) for 24 hrs. at $15.5^\circ\text{--}20.5^\circ \text{ C}$ ($60^\circ\text{--}69^\circ \text{ F}$).

(30 g (oz) gas concentration in commodity at 4-24 hrs.).

(95 g (oz) gas concentration in space at 4-12 hrs.).

(50 g (oz) gas concentration in space at 12-24 hrs.).

(v) 192 g/m^3 (12 lb/1000 ft^3) for 28 hrs. at $10^\circ\text{--}15^\circ \text{ C}$ ($50^\circ\text{--}59^\circ \text{ F}$).

§ 319.75-5

7 CFR Ch. III (1-1-99 Edition)

(30 g (oz.) gas concentration in commodity at 4-28 hrs.).

(95 g (oz.) gas concentration in space at 4-12 hrs.).

(50 g (oz.) gas concentration in space at 12-28 hrs.).

(vi) 192 g/m³ (12 lb/1000 ft³) for 32 hrs. at 4.5°-9.5° C (40°-49° F).

(30 g (oz.) gas concentration in commodity at 4-32 hrs.).

(95 g (oz.) gas concentration in space at 4-12 hrs.).

(50 g (oz.) gas concentration in space at 12-32 hrs.).

(2) Fumigation with methyl bromide in a chamber at normal atmospheric pressure at one of the following schedules:

(i) 64 g/m³ (4 lb/1000 ft³) for 24 hrs. at 32° C (90° F) or above.

(ii) 96 g/m³ (6 lb/1000 ft³) for 24 hrs. at 26.5°-31.5° C (80°-89° F).

(iii) 128 g/m³ (8 lbs/1000 ft³) for 24 hrs. at 21°-26° C (70°-79° F).

(iv) 192 g/m³ (12 lb/1000 ft³) for 24 hrs. at 15.5°-20.5° C (60°-69° F).

(v) 192 g/m³ (12 lb/1000 ft³) for 28 hrs. at 10°-15° C (50°-59° F).

(vi) 192 g/m³ (12 lb/1000 ft³) for 32 hrs. at 4.5°-9.5° C (40°-49° F).

(3) Fumigation with methyl bromide in a chamber at 660 mm (26 inch) vacuum at one of the following schedules:

(i) 128 g/m³ (8 lb/1000 ft³) for 3 hrs. at 15.5° C (60° F) or above.

(ii) 144 g/m³ (9 lb/1000 ft³) for 3 hrs. at 4.5°-15° C (40°-59° F).

NOTE: Maximum volume of commodity being treated under subsection (3) shall not exceed 75% of the total volume of chamber.

(c) Baled cotton lint, cotton linters, cotton waste, and cotton piece goods; and the jute or burlap bagging used as a container or packing material for such baled cotton lint, cotton linters, cotton waste, or cotton piece goods.

(1) Fumigation with methyl bromide under a tarpaulin or in a chamber at normal atmospheric pressure at one of the following schedules:

(i) 128 g/m³ (8 lb/1000 ft³) for 24 hours at 15.5° C 60° F or above

(25 g (oz.) concentration in commodity 4-24 hrs.)

(65 g (oz.) concentration in space 4-12 hrs.)

(35 g (oz.) concentration in space 12-24 hrs.)

(ii) 176 g/m³ (11 lb/1000 ft³) for 24 hrs. at 4.5°-15° C (40°-59° F)

(30 g (oz.) concentration in commodity 4-24 hrs.)

(95 g (oz.) concentration in space 4-24 hrs.)

(50 g (oz.) concentration in space 12-24 hrs.)

NOTE: Maximum volume of commodity being treated under subsection (1) shall not exceed 50% of the total volume of chamber. Concentration readings may be omitted for chamber fumigations.

(2) Fumigation with methyl bromide in a chamber at 660mm (26 inch) vacuum at one of the following schedules:

(i) 128 g/m³ (8 lb/1000 ft³) for 3 hrs. at 15.5° C (60° F) or above.

(ii) 144 g/m³ (9 lb/1000 ft³) for 3 hrs. at 4.5°-15° C (40°-59° F).

NOTE: Maximum volume of commodity being treated under subsection (2) shall not exceed 75% of the total volume of chamber.

[46 FR 38334, July 27, 1981, as amended at 49 FR 1876, Jan. 16, 1984; 50 FR 8706, Mar. 5, 1985]

§319.75-5 Marking and identity.

(a) Any restricted article at the time of importation shall plainly and correctly bear on the outer container (if in a container) or on the restricted article (if not in a container) the following information:

(1) General nature and quantity of the contents,

(2) Country or locality of origin,

(3) Name and address of shipper, owner, or person shipping or forwarding the article,

(4) Name and address of consignee,

(5) Identifying shipper's mark and number, and

(b) Any restricted article shall be accompanied at the time of importation by an invoice or packing list indicating the contents of the shipment.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0049)

(44 U.S.C. 35)

[46 FR 38334, July 27, 1981, as amended at 47 FR 3085, Jan. 22, 1982; 48 FR 57466, Dec. 30, 1983]

§319.75-6 Arrival notification.

Promptly upon arrival of any restricted article at a port of entry, the importer shall notify Plant Protection